UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS

IN RE: NEW ENGLAND COMPOUNDING PHARMACY, INC. PRODUCTS LIABILITY LITIGATION)))	MDL NO, 2419
THIS DOCUMENT RELATES TO:		Dkt. No. 1:13-md-2419 (RWZ)
All Actions)	

NOTICE OF FILING SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM TO CUMBERLAND MEDICAL CENTER, INC.

Plaintiffs' Steering Committee gives notice to the Court and to all parties, pursuant to Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 45(a)(4), of the issuance of a subpoena to Cumberland Medical Center, Inc. The subpoena duces tecum commands the production of documents, information, or objects.¹

Dated January 27, 2016

Respectfully submitted:

/s/ J. Gerard Stranch, IV

J. Gerard Stranch, IV Benjamin A. Gastel Anthony A. Orlandi BRANSTETTER, STRANCH & JENNINGS, PLLC 223 Rosa L. Parks Ave., Suite 200 Nashville, TN 37203 Telephone: 615/254-8801

Facsimile: 615/254-8801
Facsimile: 615/255-5419
gerards@bsjfirm.com
beng@bsjfirm.com
aorlandi@bsjfirm.com

Plaintiffs' Steering Committee

¹ The subpoena to Cumberland Medical Center, Inc. is attached as Exhibit 1 to this Notice.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, J. Gerard Stranch, IV, hereby certify that on January 27, 2016, I caused a copy of the foregoing document to be filed electronically via the Court's electronic filing system. Those attorneys who are registered with the Court's electronic filing system may access these filings through the Court's system, and notice of these filings will be sent to these parties by operation of the Court's electronic filing system.

/s/ J. Gerard Stranch, IV
J. Gerard Stranch, IV

EXHIBIT 1

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

DISTRICT OF MASSA	CHUSETTS 🖫
In re New England Compounding Pharmacy, Inc.	
Plaintiff) V.)	Civil Action No. MDL 1:13-md-02419
Defendant)	
SUBPOENA TO PRODUCE DOCUMENT OR TO PERMIT INSPECTION OF PR	
To: Cumberland Medical Center, c/o Custodian of Record	ds, 421 S. Main Street, Crossville, TN 38555-5031
(Name of person to whom t	his subpoena is directed)
Production: YOU ARE COMMANDED to produce at documents, electronically stored information, or objects, and to produce at material: SEE ATTACHMENT "A"	permit inspection, copying, testing, or sampling of the
Place: Offices of Branstetter Stranch & Jennings, PLLC 2nd Floor, 223 Rosa L. Parks Boulevard Nashville, TN 37203	Date and Time: 02/10/2016 at 9:00 a.m.
☐ Inspection of Premises: YOU ARE COMMANDED to other property possessed or controlled by you at the time, date, a may inspect, measure, survey, photograph, test, or sample the pr	and location set forth below, so that the requesting party
Place:	Date and Time:
The following provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45 are attack Rule 45(d), relating to your protection as a person subject to a surespond to this subpoena and the potential consequences of not of Date:	abpoena; and Rule 45(e) and (g), relating to your duty to
CLERK OF COURT	OR /s/ J. Gerard Stranch, IV
Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk	Attorney's signature
The name, address, e-mail address, and telephone number of the STEERING COMMITTEE J. Gerard Stranch, IV, Branstetter, Stranch & Jennings, PLLC, 22615-254-8801, gerards@bsjfirm.com	, who issues or requests this subpoena, are:
019-594-0001 Gerorda@rahim com	

Notice to the person who issues or requests this subpoena

If this subpoena commands the production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things or the inspection of premises before trial, a notice and a copy of the subpoena must be served on each party in this case before it is served on the person to whom it is directed. Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(a)(4).

ATTACHMENT "A"

Documents, information or objects Sought

As used herein, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

Agreement means the Asset Purchase Agreement by and among SSC and Cumberland Medical Center, Inc., dated May 3, 2013 (hereinafter, "Agreement").

SSC means Specialty Surgery Center, PLLC.

You and Your means Cumberland Medical Center, Inc. and/or Covenant Health d/b/a Cumberland Medical Center.

- 1. All documents in your possession, custody, or control relating to litigation hold communications and/or document preservation directives received by you or SSC from Gideon Cooper & Essary PLC or any other law firm relating to the 2012 fungal meningitis catastrophe and ensuing litigation, including but not limited to litigation hold communications believed to be dated October 12, 2012 and April 12, 2013.
- 2. All documents in your possession, custody, or control obtained from SSC or counsel for SSC relating to legal claims or litigation against SSC, to the extent not previously produced.
- 3. For forensic inspection and analysis, all computer servers, internal and external hard drives, and any other electronic repository device or devices received or acquired from SSC in connection with Your acquisition of SSC, as outlined in the Agreement, including but not limited to all computers sold by SSC to Cumberland.

AO 88B (Rev. 02/14) Subpoena to Produce Documents, Information, or Objects or to Permit Inspection of Premises in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No. MDL 1:13-md-02419

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)

I received this sul	opoena for (name of individual and title, if a	ny)	
(date)	·		
☐ I served the su	bpoena by delivering a copy to the nar	med person as follows:	
		on (date) ;	or
☐ I returned the	subpoena unexecuted because:		
	<u> </u>		
		States, or one of its officers or agents, I e, and the mileage allowed by law, in the	
\$	·•		
y fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.00
I declare under pe	enalty of perjury that this information i	is true.	
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		Server's address	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc.:

AO 88B (Rev. 02/14) Subpoena to Produce Documents, Information, or Objects or to Permit Inspection of Premises in a Civil Action(Page 3)

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), (e), and (g) (Effective 12/1/13)

(c) Place of Compliance.

- (1) For a Trial, Hearing, or Deposition. A subpoena may command a person to attend a trial, hearing, or deposition only as follows:
- (A) within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; or
- (B) within the state where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person, if the person

(i) is a party or a party's officer; or

- (ii) is commanded to attend a trial and would not incur substantial expense.
- (2) For Other Discovery. A subpoena may command:
- (A) production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things at a place within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; and
 - (B) inspection of premises at the premises to be inspected.

(d) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena; Enforcement.

(1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The court for the district where compliance is required must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction—which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees—on a party or attorney who fails to comply.

(2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.

- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- (B) Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing, or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises—or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the court for the district where compliance is required for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

(3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.

- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the court for the district where compliance is required must quash or modify a subpoena that:
 - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person to comply beyond the geographical limits specified in Rule 45(c);
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
 - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
- (B) When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the court for the district where compliance is required may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:
- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information; or

- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party.
- (C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(d)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
 - (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

(e) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

- (1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
- (A) Documents. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
- (B) Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
- (C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- (D) Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
 - (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
- (B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information under seal to the court for the district where compliance is required for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

(g) Contempt.

The court for the district where compliance is required—and also, after a motion is transferred, the issuing court—may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena or an order related to it.